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SET

A



# INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION 2022 ENGLISH CORE – (301)



CLASS: XI

DATE: 23.11.2022

TIME ALLOTED : 3 HRS. MAXIMUM MARKS : 80

## **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. This paper is divided into three sections: parts: A, B & C. All the sections are compulsory.
- 2. Separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary. Read these instructions very carefully and follow them.
- 3. Do not exceed the prescribed word limit while answering the questions.

# SECTION - A (READING SKILLS) (26 Marks)

## 1. Read the following passage carefully.

- 1. Computers are capable of doing extremely complicated work in all branches of learning. They can solve the most complex mathematical problems or put thousand unrelated data in order. These machines can be put to varied uses. For instance, they can provide information on the best way to prevent traffic accidents. They work accurately and at high speed.
- 2. They save research workers' years of hard work. This whole process by which machines can be used to work for us has been called 'automation'. In future automation may enable human beings to enjoy more leisure than they do today. The coming of automation is bound to have important social consequences.
- 3. Some years ago, an expert on automation, Sir Leon Bagrit pointed out that it was a mistake to believe that these machines could think. There is no possibility that human beings will be controlled by machines. Though computers are capable of learning from their mistakes and improving on their performances, they need detailed instructions from human beings to be able to operate. They can never lead independent lives or rule the world by taking decisions of their own.
- 4. Sir Leon said that in future, computers would be developed which would be small enough to be carried in one's pocket. Ordinary people would then be able to use them to obtain valuable information. Computers could be plugged into a wireless network and can be used like radios. For instance, people, going on holiday, could be informed about weather conditions. Car drivers can be given an alternative route, when there is a traffic jam. It will also be possible to make tiny translating machines. This will enable people, who do not share a common language, to talk to each other without any difficulty or to read foreign publications.
- 5. It is impossible to assess the importance of a machine of this sort, for many international misunderstandings are caused simply due to our failure to understand each other. Computers will also be used in ordinary public hospitals. By providing a machine with a patient's systems, a doctor will be able to diagnose the nature of his illness. Similarly,



machines could be used to keep a check on a patient's health record and bring it up to date. Doctors will, therefore, have immediate access to great many facts which will help them in their work. Book-keepers and accountants too could be relieved of dull clerical work. For the tedious task of compiling and checking lists of figures could be done entirely by machines. Computers are the most efficient servant man has ever had and

 $10 \times 1 = 10$ 

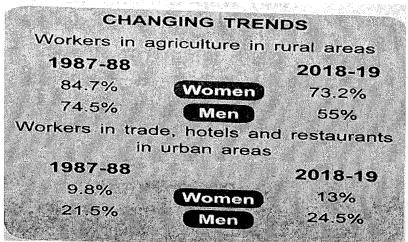
there is no limit to the way they can be used to improve our lives. 1.1 On the basis of your reading of the passage, answer the following questions by choosing the best of the given choices. (a) Write out the correct option: (i) There is no possibility that human beings can be on their own with no need of machines. (ii) Human beings are likely to be controlled by machines one day. (iii) There is no possibility that human beings will ever be controlled by machines. (iv) Machines can replace humans. (b) Choose the most appropriate option pertaining to the above passage. (i) Computers can solve only certain mathematical problems. (ii) Computers can't solve any mathematical problems. (iii) Computers can solve the most complex mathematical problems. (iv) Computers can solve only simple mathematical problems. (c) Computers can be used (i) to find treatment for the patient's illness. (ii) to prescribe a medicine for the patient. (iii) to diagnose the nature of patient's illness. (iv) to keep the patient in good mood. (d) Many international misunderstandings are caused due to our failure to understand (i) ourselves. (ii) other nations. (iii) our friends. (iv) each other. (e) The antonym of the word 'complicated' is ... (i) difficult (ii) simple (iii) easy (iv) strange (f) The verb form of the word 'alternative' is \_\_\_\_\_ (i) alternate (ii) alter (iii) late (iv) elate 1.2 Answer the following. (a) Sir Leon Bagrit said that in future, \_\_\_\_\_ would be developed which would be small enough to be carried in one's pocket. (b) Computers are capable of doing extremely complicated work in all branches of learning. [True / False] 1.3 Find the synonyms of the following words from the passage. (a) results (para 2)

(b) monotonous (para 5) Read the passage given below.

2.

1. In a reflection of the changing socio-economic dynamics, the report on 'Women and

- Men in India 2020' shows that while share of male and female workers in agriculture has shown a steady decline from 1987-88 till 2018 -19, there is an increasing trend for both in trade, hotel and restaurant sectors.
- 2. The report released by the ministry of statistics and programme implementation draws upon available nationally representative data sources to give an insight into the gender dynamics and shifts across sectors ranging from employment, education, health and decision making.



- 3. The report also dedicates a chapter to the impediments in the way of empowerment.
- 4. In the chapter on education, data from NSS 75th round (2017-18) shows that among ever enrolled persons on the age group 3 -35 years, 30.2% of females were not pursuing education due to domestic activities. In case of men, 36.9% of ever enrolled males in the 3-35 years' age group were not attending education due to engagement in economic activities.
- 5. Among the never enrolled persons of 3-35 years age group, 13.6% females and 14.9% males were never enrolled in education due to financial constraints, whereas 11.7% females and 1.5% males were never enrolled due to their engagement in domestic activities.
- 6. As far as employment goes, in the chapter on employment a data sheet on the broad based industry-wise classification of workers presents data from NSS 43rd round in 1987 -88 to Periodic Labour Force Participation 2018 -19 to indicate the trends. In agriculture in rural India, it turns out that in 1987 -88 share of women workers was 84.7% which as per PLF survey 2018 -19 is 73.2%. The share of male workers in agriculture was 74.5% in 1987 -88 and was recorded at 55% in 2018 -19. On the other hand, the percentage of men in trade, hotels and restaurants grew from 5.1% in 1987 88 to 9.2 % in rural areas in 2018 -19. In urban areas the percentage rose from 21.5% to 24.5%.
- 7. In case of women workers too there is an increase from 2.1% to 4% in rural and 9.8% to 13% in urban areas.
- 8. The labour force survey 2018 -19 data is cited in the report to highlight that on the whole, results indicate that in the rural sector, the worker population ratio (WPR) was 19.0 for females and 52.1 for males. In urban sector, the ratio is 14.5 for females and 52.7 for males. As per PLF survey (2018-19), 59.6 female and 57.4 % male workers were self employed in rural areas. In urban sector, 54.7 % females and 47.2% males were regular wage / salaried employees.

2.1 On the basis of your reading of the passage, answer the following questions by
choosing the best of the given choices.
(a) The report mentioned in the passage covers information about
i) population migration and work
ii) education and work in rural and urban areas
iii) industry and agriculture
iv) impediments in education
(b) Look at the chart in the report. The trend that is clearly visible is
i) that men and women in 2018 -19 work in cities in larger numbers than in 1987
ii) that women have given up agriculture and have taken up more glamorous jobs like
working in restaurants and hotels in 2020
iii) men like to work in cities
iv) women have become educated and do not wish to live in villages in 2020
(c) The movement of men and women towards towards urban areas is
i) good for economy
ii) bad for villages
iii) a change brought about by changing circumstances
iv) not likely to affect the village economy
(d) that 59% of women and 57.4 % of men are self-employed in rural areas can
mean
i) that the village economy is strong enough to support its population
ii) that village arts and products are doing well in the market
iii) a sign of backwardness
iv) a sign of lack of education
(e) In the villages men and women of 3 to 35 years of age did not even get enrolled in
school because
i) of social dictates
ii) of family circumstances
iii) of laziness
iv) they have to work at home or in fields to earn money
(f) For preparing this report data for employment has been collected from
i) NSS 75th round (2017 -18)
ii) NSS 43rd round (1987 – 88)
iii) Periodic labour force participation (2018 -19)
iv) (i) and (iii) above
(g) The changing trends in the workforce could mean
i) that agriculture cannot support the rural population
ii) that rural men and women are seeking better life for themselves in the cities
iii) that social taboos and restrictions are easing
iv) that in time the cities will have a sizeable rural population
(h) 'Decline' in para 1 does not mean
i) increase
ii) flourish
iii) both (i) and (ii)
iv) ebb
Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow.
1. In Delhi where 80% of the people are pedestrians in some stage of their commuting,
least attention is paid in pedestrian paths. Delhi's sidewalks are too narrow, very
poorly maintained and full of potholes, poles, junction boxes and dangerous electrical

- installation, not to speak of the garbage dumps that stink and stare at the pedestrian. Ashram Chowk is a good case in point where thousands of pedestrian change direction from the Mathura Road radial to the Ring Road.
- 2. A flyover facilitates the automobiles, while the pedestrian is orphaned by the investment hungry authorities. One corner of the Ashram Chowk has a ridiculous imitation wood sculpture with an apology of a fountain and across the same Chowk you have the open mouthed massive garbage dump right on the pedestrian path in full exhibition for the benefit of the public. These symbols of poor taste and abject apathy are then connected by narrow dangerous and often waterlogged footpaths for the helpless pedestrian to negotiate. In the night street lighting in the central median light up the carriageway for cars and leave the pedestrian areas in darkness.
- 3. Delhi's citizens leave and want to get to their destination as fast they can. No one wants to linger on the road, no leisure walks; no one looks a stranger in the eye. It is on the pedestrian path that citizen encounters head on the poor public management and the excuse called multiplicity of authorities. One agency makes the road, another digs it up to lay cables, third one comes after months to clear up the mess and the cycle of unaccountability goes on. Meanwhile crores are spent in repairing the carriageway for vehicles and in construction of the flyovers without a care for the pedestrian below. Solution offered is to make an expensive underpass or an ugly foot over bridge, ostensibly for facilitating the pedestrian, while in reality they only facilitate the car to move faster at the expense of the pedestrian. Take Kashmiri gate, ITO, Ashram Chowk, AIIMS. or Dhaula Kuan, at all these important, at pedestrian crossover points the story is the same. They have pulled the sidewalk from the pedestrian's feet.
- 4. In modern cities across the world, the pedestrian is king. The floor of the city is designed and maintained as an inclusive environment, helping the physically challenged, the old and the infirm children and the ordinary citizens to move joyful across the city. Delhi aspires to be world class city. Hopefully the authorities would look once again at the floor of Delhi. The pleasure of strolling on the road is deeply connected to our sense of citizenship and sense of belonging. Pride in the city grows only on a well-designed floor of the city.
- a) On the basis of your reading of the above passage make-notes on it using headings and sub-headings. Use recognizable abbreviations (4-5) and a format you consider suitable. Also supply a title to it.
- b) Write a summary of the passage in not more than 50 words using the notes made.

## SECTION - B

(Grammar & Creative Writing Skills) – (23 Marks)

4. Answer any seven questions from (i), (ii) and (iii).

 $7 \times 1 = 7$ 

5

3

(i)	Rewrite using the correct form of the verbs given in brackets.			
	There (1) (be) a great rush at the counter yesterday. I (2) (want)			
	to get a ticket for the movie. It (3) (be) the first day of the release. The			
	manager suddenly (4) (appear) on the scene and announced that the show had			
	been cancelled for reasons beyond control.			

- (ii) Rearrange the following words and phrases to form meaningful sentences:
  - 5) extremely/a/grief/it/is/that /matter/unkindly/animals/are/of / exploited.
  - 6) killed/they are/beaten/chained/and/mercilessly/trained.
- (iii) Rewrite the following sentences into reported speech.
  - 7) He said to me, "What are you doing?"

8) She said to me, "Do you like chocolates?" 5. i) a) You are Suresh Patel, a resident of 25, Amar society, sector 19, Gandhinagar. You wish to sell your car bought just three years ago. Draft an advertisement providing necessary detail for the 'For Sale' section of the newspaper in not more than 50 words. b) Mr. Rahul Shah, Resident of 125, Akash colony, Gandhinagar, wants to give his 3 newly bought flat near GIFT city on rent. Draft a classified advertisement in not more than 50 words. a) Design a poster in not more than 50 words for your school library on the value of ii) books and good reading habits. You may use slogans. 3 b) You are the Manager of 'Excellent Coaching Centre.' Prepare a poster in not more than 50 words calling the attention of students desirous of appearing for Medical & Engineering entrance coaching to join your tuition centre. a) You are Arjun / Fiola student of XII studying in R. K. High School, Maninagar, iii) Ahmedabad. You have participated in an inter-house Elocution Competition. The topic of the competition is "India of My Dream". Prepare the speech in 120 to 150 words. 5 OR b) You are Anuj /Amita, the captain of 'Health and Well-being' Club of your school. You have been asked to deliver to speech on the topic 'Importance of Sleep for Good Health'. Write the same in 120 to 150 words. a) 'Academic excellence is the only requirement for a successful career.' Write a debate iv) either for or against the motion in 120 - 150 words. You are Anil / Anita. 5 OR b) 'Climate change disaster is the next pandemic on our hands.' Write a debate either for or against the motion in 120 - 150 words. You are Indu / Indresh. SECTION - C (Literature Textbook & Supplementary Reading Text) (31 Marks) 6. i) Read the given extract carefully and choose the correct options for the answers.  $3\times1=3$ A) Now she's been dead nearly as many years As that girl lived. And of this circumstance There is nothing to say at all. Its silence silences. 1) Who does 'she' refer to? (a) the poet's dead aunt (b) the poet's dead mother (c) the poet's dead cousin (d) the poet's sister 2) Why is there nothing to say about the death of the poet's mother? (a) because the poet is confused (b) because the poet was not in her senses when her mother expired (c) because the death of the poet's mother has left a deep void in the poet's heart (d) because the poet did not have a good relationship with her mother 3) Which word in the extract means the same as 'events that change your life, over which you have no control'?

	(a) silences	(b) circun	nstances	(c) situation	(d) circumstance	
			OR			
	B) The whole tree	trembles and the	rills.			
	It is the engine	of her family.				
		ull, then flirts or		ıd		
		arred face ident	ity mask.			
	1) What makes the					
	a) tussle among y					
	b) noise made by		es of goldfinch			
	c) noise made by					
	d) the movement					
	2) Which poetic de					
	a) metaphor	b) alliteration	,	ile d) analog	У	
	3) What does the p					
	a) face marked w	-		ean and clear face		
::\	c) expressionless		•	person behind bar		
ii)	Read the given ex					3×1=3
	A. And what shoul					
				windows and no mawer? I resolved to		
				would be the easies		
	1. The word 'them		i to forget, that	vould be the easies	St	
	a) friends	b) things	c) feelings	d) the belonging	າດອ	
		o) umigs	c) reemigs	d) the belongh	ugo	
	2. The narrator res	olves to forget th	ne address as			
	a) it was meaning					
	b) the belonging	gs of her mother	had lost their c	narm		
	c) Mrs Dorling	refused her to co	ome there			
	d) Mrs Dorling	was too happy t	o receive her			
	3. The word that is		·	· · ·		
	a) hung	b) drawer	c) resolved	d) handful		
	<b>D</b>		OR			
	B) One day back th		•			
				l life was still a de		
				as considered craz		
				my house at four	in the morning	
	and woke me (	ip tapping on th	e window of my	room.		
	1. The extract is from	om the lesson				
	a) The Silk Road		 b	) The Adventure		
	c) The Summer	of the Beautiful		) The Address		
	2. The narrator of t					
	a) Aram	b) Uncle Kho		c) Mourad	d) The Owner	
			Page <b>7</b> of 9	1		

- 3. Why had Mourad come to Aram?
  - a) He wanted him to ride the horse.
  - b) He had come to take him for a walk.
  - c) He wanted to show him the horse.
  - d) He had come to take his horse.

# iii) Read the given extract carefully and choose the correct options for the answers.

 $4 \times 1 = 4$ 

- A) She hobbled about the house in spotless white with one hand resting on her waist to balance her stoop and the other telling the beads of her rosary. Her silver locks were scattered untidily over her pale, puckered face, and her lips constantly moved in inaudible prayer. Yes, she was beautiful. She was like the winter landscape in the mountains, an expanse of pure white serenity breathing peace and contentment.
- 1. What does the narrator mean by 'silver locks'?
  - a) lock and Key
  - b) grey Hair
  - c) attire of silver colour
  - d) locks of silver
- 2. Which figure of speech has been used in 'pale puckered face'?
  - a) simile
  - b) metaphor
  - c) alliteration
  - d) zeugma
- 3. What does the word 'hobble' mean?
  - a) walk quickly
  - b) limp
  - c) rush
  - d) hasten
- 4. Who is the author of this extract?

## OR

- B) They remain the richest royal collection ever found and have become part of the pharaoh's legend. Stunning artefacts in gold, their eternal brilliance meant to guarantee resurrection, caused a sensation at the time of the discovery and still get the most attention.
- 1. 'They' in the first sentence refers to?
  - a) The archaeologists who went in search of pharaoh's pyramid
  - b) The funerary treasure found in Tut's tomb.
  - c) Tut's exploits as the ruler of Egypt.
  - d) The stories written about King Tut.
- 2. What does 'guarantee resurrection' mean?
  - a) To ensure that Tut would pass into his afterlife without any trouble
  - b) To make sure that the precious metals don't lose their shine
  - c) To ensure that Tut's spirit was tied down in his tomb forever.
  - d) To ensure that Tut is able to take a rebirth

- 3. The word 'artefacts' means? a) facts about art and culture b) artificial objects and materials c) articles of old times and of great historical importance d) art and craft material 4. Who is the author of this extract? 7. Answer any two of the following questions in 40 - 50 words.  $2 \times 3 = 6$ a) 'It is the engine of her family; she strokes it full.' Explain the significance of these b) Why does the poet get surprised when he gets an answer from the rain? c) What preparations did the narrator and his wife make for their round-the-world sea voyage? d) How does the author recount his experience at the Darchen Medical College? Answer any one of the following questions in 40 - 50 words. 8.  $1 \times 3 = 3$ A) To which tribe did Mourad and Aram belong? Which traits of the tribe are highlighted in the story 'The Summer of the Beautiful White Horse'? B) Whom did the narrator desire to meet in Holland? Why? 9. Answer any one of the following questions in 120 - 150 words.  $1 \times 6 = 6$ A) The poem 'Childhood' exposes man and presents him in his true colours. All adjectives displaying negative qualities are not enough for such a man. This poem very innocently goads him to his real self. Explain. OR B) The reaction of the crew and children gives us an insight into the human mind and how it
  - can help us to survive any disaster. Discuss.
- Answer any one of the following questions in 120 150 words.

 $1 \times 6 = 6$ 

A) Describe the narrator's second visit to Mrs. Dorling's place.

OR

B) Describe John Byro's meeting with his horse and the two boys. What impact did it have on him?

\*\*\*END OF THE QUESTION PAPER\*\*\*



SET

B



# INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION 2022 ENGLISH CORE – (301)



CLASS: XI

DATE: 23.11.2022

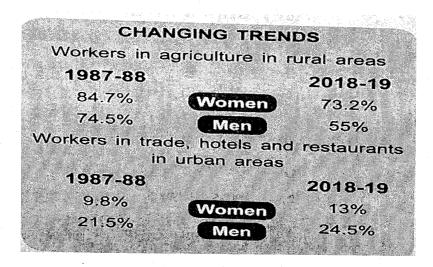
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# SECTION - A (READING SKILLS) (26 Marks)

- 1. Read the passage given below.
  - 1. In a reflection of the changing socio-economic dynamics, the report on 'Women and Men in India 2020' shows that while share of male and female workers in agriculture has shown a steady decline from 1987-88 till 2018 -19, there is an increasing trend for both in trade, hotel and restaurant sectors.
  - 2. The report released by the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation draws upon available nationally representative data sources to give an insight into the gender dynamics and shifts across sectors ranging from employment, education, health and decision making.



- 3. The report also dedicates a chapter to the impediments in the way of empowerment.
- 4. In the chapter on education, data from NSS 75th round (2017-18) shows that among ever enrolled persons on the age group 3 -35 years, 30.2% of females were not pursuing

- education due to domestic activities. In case of men, 36.9% of ever enrolled males in the 3-35 years' age group were not attending education due to engagement in economic activities.
- 5. Among the never enrolled persons of 3-35 years age group, 13.6% females and 14.9% males were never enrolled in education due to financial constraints, whereas 11.7% females and 1.5% males were never enrolled due to their engagement in domestic activities.
- 6. As far as employment goes, in the chapter on employment a data sheet on the broad based industry-wise classification of workers presents data from NSS 43rd round in 1987 -88 to Periodic Labour Force Participation 2018 -19 to indicate the trends. In agriculture in rural India, it turns out that in 1987 -88 share of women workers was 84.7% which as per PLF survey 2018 -19 is 73.2%. The share of male workers in agriculture was 74.5% in 1987 -88 and was recorded at 55% in 2018 -19. On the other hand, the percentage of men in trade, hotels and restaurants grew from 5.1% in 1987 88 to 9.2 % in rural areas in 2018 -19. In urban areas the percentage rose from 21.5% to 24.5%.
- 7. In case of women workers too there is an increase from 2.1% to 4% in rural and 9.8% to 13% in urban areas.
- 8. The labour force survey 2018 -19 data is cited in the report to highlight that on the whole, results indicate that in the rural sector, the worker population ratio (WPR) was 19.0 for females and 52.1 for males. In urban sector, the ratio is 14.5 for females and 52.7 for males. As per PLF survey (2018-19), 59.6 female and 57.4 % male workers were self employed in rural areas. In urban sector, 54.7 % females and 47.2% males were regular wage / salaried employees.

1.1 On the basis of your reading of the passage, answer the following questions by choosing the best of the given choices.(a) The report mentioned in the passage covers information about

by	8×1=8
areas	
7 s like	

- i) population migration and work ii) education and work in rural and urban a iii) industry and agriculture iv) impediments in education
  (b) Look at the chart in the report. The trend that is clearly visible is \_\_\_\_\_.
  i) that men and women in 2018 -19 work in cities in larger numbers than in 1987
  - ii) that women have given up agriculture and have taken up more glamorous jobs like working in restaurants and hotels in 2020
  - iii) men like to work in cities
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- (c) The movement of men and women towards towards urban areas is \_\_\_\_\_
  - i) good for economy
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- (d) that 59% of women and 57.4 % of men are self-employed in rural areas can mean
  - i) that the village economy is strong enough to support its population
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- (e) In the villages men and women of 3 to 35 years of age did not even get enrolled in school because
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- iii) of laziness
- iv) they have to work at home or in fields to earn money

(f) For preparing this report data for employment has been collected from .
i) NSS 75th round (2017 -18) ii) NSS 43rd round (1987 – 88)
iii) Periodic labour force participation (2018 -19) iv) (i) and (iii) above
(g) The changing trends in the workforce could mean
i) that agriculture cannot support the rural population
ii) that rural men and women are seeking better life for themselves in the cities
iii) that social taboos and restrictions are easing
iv) that in time the cities will have a sizeable rural population
(h) 'Decline' in para 1 does not mean
i) increase ii) flourish iii) both (i) and (ii) iv) ebb
Read the following passage carefully.
1. Computers are capable of doing extremely complicated work in all branches of learning
They can solve the most complex mathematical problems or put thousand unrelated data
in order. These machines can be put to varied uses. For instance, they can provide
information on the best way to prevent traffic accidents. They work accurately and at
high speed.

- 2. They save research workers' years of hard work. This whole process by which machines can be used to work for us has been called 'automation'. In future automation may enable human beings to enjoy more leisure than they do today. The coming of automation is bound to have important social consequences.
- 3. Some years ago, an expert on automation, Sir Leon Bagrit pointed out that it was a mistake to believe that these machines could think. There is no possibility that human beings will be controlled by machines. Though computers are capable of learning from their mistakes and improving on their performances, they need detailed instructions from human beings to be able to operate. They can never lead independent lives or rule the world by taking decisions of their own.
- 4. Sir Leon said that in future, computers would be developed which would be small enough to be carried in one's pocket. Ordinary people would then be able to use them to obtain valuable information. Computers could be plugged into a wireless network and can be used like radios. For instance, people, going on holiday, could be informed about weather conditions. Car drivers can be given an alternative route, when there is a traffic jam. It will also be possible to make tiny translating machines. This will enable people, who do not share a common language, to talk to each other without any difficulty or to read foreign publications.
- 5. It is impossible to assess the importance of a machine of this sort, for many international misunderstandings are caused simply due to our failure to understand each other. Computers will also be used in ordinary public hospitals. By providing a machine with a patient's systems, a doctor will be able to diagnose the nature of his illness. Similarly, machines could be used to keep a check on a patient's health record and bring it up to date. Doctors will, therefore, have immediate access to great many facts which will help them in their work. Book-keepers and accountants too could be relieved of dull clerical work. For the tedious task of compiling and checking lists of figures could be done entirely by machines. Computers are the most efficient servant man has ever had and there is no limit to the way they can be used to improve our lives.

2.1 On the basis of your reading of the passage, answer the following questions by choosing the best of the given choices.

 $10 \times 1 = 10$ 

(a) Write out the correct option:

- (i) There is no possibility that human beings can be on their own with no need of machines.
- (ii) Human beings are likely to be controlled by machines one day.

(iii) There is no possibility that human beings will ever be controlled by machines.
(iv) Machines can replace humans.
(b) Choose the most appropriate option pertaining to the above passage.
(i) Computers can solve only certain mathematical problems.
(ii) Computers can't solve any mathematical problems.
(iii) Computers can solve the most complex mathematical problems.
(iv) Computers can solve only simple mathematical problems.
(c) Computers can be used
(i) to find treatment for the patient's illness ii) to prescribe a medicine for the patient.
(111) to diagnose the nature of patient's illness (iv) to keep the patient in good mood.
(d) Many international misunderstandings are caused due to our failure to
understand
(i) ourselves (ii) other nations (iii) our friends (iv) each other
(e) The antonym of the word 'complicated' is
(i) difficult (ii) simple (iii) easy (iv) strange
(f) The verb form of the word 'alternative' is
(i) alternate (ii) alter (iii) late (iv) elate
2.2 Answer the following.
(a) Sir Leon Bagrit said that in future, would be developed which would
be small enough to be carried in one's pocket.
(b) Computers are capable of doing extremely complicated work in all branches of
learning. [True / False]
2.3 Find the synonyms of the following words from the passage.
(a) results (para 2)
(b) monotonous (para 5)
Read the following passage carefully and engineer the greations that following
Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow.

- 1. In Delhi where 80% of the people are pedestrians in some stage of their commuting, least attention is paid in pedestrian paths. Delhi's sidewalks are too narrow, very poorly maintained and full of potholes, poles, junction boxes and dangerous electrical installation, not to speak of the garbage dumps that stink and stare at the pedestrian. Ashram Chowk is a good case in point where thousands of pedestrian change direction from the Mathura Road radial to the Ring Road.
- 2. A flyover facilitates the automobiles, while the pedestrian is orphaned by the investment hungry authorities. One corner of the Ashram Chowk has a ridiculous imitation wood sculpture with an apology of a fountain and across the same Chowk you have the open mouthed massive garbage dump right on the pedestrian path in full exhibition for the benefit of the public. These symbols of poor taste and abject apathy are then connected by narrow dangerous and often waterlogged footpaths for the helpless pedestrian to negotiate. In the night street lighting in the central median light up the carriageway for cars and leave the pedestrian areas in darkness.

- 3. Delhi's citizens leave and want to get to their destination as fast they can. No one wants to linger on the road, no leisure walks; no one looks a stranger in the eye. It is on the pedestrian path that citizen encounters head on the poor public management and the excuse called multiplicity of authorities. One agency makes the road, another digs it up to lay cables, third one comes after months to clear up the mess and the cycle of unaccountability goes on. Meanwhile crores are spent in repairing the carriageway for vehicles and in construction of the flyovers without a care for the pedestrian below. Solution offered is to make an expensive underpass or an ugly foot over bridge, ostensibly for facilitating the pedestrian, while in reality they only facilitate the car to move faster at the expense of the pedestrian. Take Kashmiri gate, ITO, Ashram Chowk, AIIMS. or Dhaula Kuan, at all these important, at pedestrian crossover points the story is the same. They have pulled the sidewalk from the pedestrian's feet.
- 4. In modern cities across the world, the pedestrian is king. The floor of the city is designed and maintained as an inclusive environment, helping the physically challenged, the old and the infirm children and the ordinary citizens to move joyful across the city. Delhi aspires to be world class city. Hopefully the authorities would look once again at the floor of Delhi. The pleasure of strolling on the road is deeply connected to our sense of citizenship and sense of belonging. Pride in the city grows only on a well-designed floor of the city.
- a) On the basis of your reading of the above passage make-notes on it using headings and sub-headings. Use recognizable abbreviations (4-5) and a format you consider suitable. Also supply a title to it.
- b) Write a summary of the passage in not more than 50 words using the notes made.

## SECTION - B

(Grammar & Creative Writing Skills) – (23 Marks)

4. Answer any seven questions from (i), (ii) and (iii)

 $7 \times 1 = 7$ 

5

3

(i) Rewrite using the correct form of the verbs given in brackets.

There (1) \_\_\_\_\_ (be) a great rush at the counter yesterday. I (2) \_\_\_\_ (want) to get a ticket for the movie. It (3) \_\_\_\_ (be) the first day of the release.

The manager suddenly (4) \_\_\_\_ (appear) on the scene and announced that the show had been cancelled for reasons beyond control.

- (ii) Rearrange the following words and phrases to form meaningful sentences:
  - 5) extremely/a/grief/it/is/that /matter/unkindly/animals/are/of / exploited.
  - 6) killed/they are/beaten/chained/and/mercilessly/trained.
- (iii) Change the following sentences into reported speech.
  - 7) He said to me, "What are you doing?"
  - 8) She said to me, "Do you like chocolates?"
- 5. i) a) You are the manager, Herbal India Ltd. Draft an advertisement for your company for the post of two Sales Executives. Specify your requirements, qualifications, experience, and personality of the candidates in not more than 50 words to be published in 'The Indian Express' under the classified columns.

OR

- b) You are Harish / Harshita of 12, Seva Nagar, Pune. You want to sell your flat as you are shifting to another city for work. Draft a suitable advertisement in not more than 50 words to be published in 'The Pune Times' under the classified columns.
- ii) a) You are the Marketing Manager of Starbucks Coffee Products Company. To promote

3

3

the sales of 'Starbucks Coffee', you have to design a poster detailing the vast variety of Starbucks coffee available in restaurants all over India. Design a suitable poster in not more than 50 words.

#### OR

- b) The Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment needs a poster for its 'Prevention of Drug Abuse' campaign on the occasion of International Day against Drug Abuse (26<sup>th</sup> June every year). Design a suitable poster, in not more than 50 words, to raise public awareness against drug abuse.
- a) A recent survey by the Ministry of Health shows that the growing tendency of obesity among children today is caused by addiction to junk food and lack of physical exercise, and it adversely affects their learning power. Write a speech in 120-150 words to be delivered in the morning assembly of the school highlighting the importance of good health and motivating the children to eat healthy, balanced diet.

#### OR

- b) With the visual media technology overtaking the print-media, you have observed a decline in the people's interest in reading books. You are disturbed by this excessive dependence of the young on television and computer games as the source of entertainment. Write a speech in 120-150 words to be delivered in the morning assembly of the school highlighting the importance of the 'Pleasures of Reading' or 'The Company of Books.'
- iv) a) 'Private cars should be banned in the congested commercial areas of the cities.' Write a debate in 120-150 words, either for or against the motion. You are Anil / Anita.

## OR

b) You are Mukul / Mahima of Alps Public School. Your school has organized a debate on 'Social media is a boon for our society' in which you are participating. Prepare your views against or in favour of the motion in 120-150 words. You are Indu /Indresh.

# SECTION – C (Literature Textbook & Supplementary Reading Text) (31 Marks)

6. i) Read the given extract carefully and choose the correct options for the answers.

 $3 \times 1 = 3$ 

5

5

A) Now she's been dead nearly as many years

As that girl lived. And of this circumstance

There is nothing to say at all.

Its silence silences.

- 1) Who does 'she' refer to?
  - (a) the poet's dead aunt
- (b) the poet's dead mother
- (c) the poet's dead cousin
- (d) the poet's sister
- 2) Why is there nothing to say about the death of the poet's mother?
  - (a) because the poet is confused
  - (b) because the poet was not in her senses when her mother expired
  - (c) because the death of the poet's mother has left a deep void in the poet's heart
  - (d) because the poet did not have a good relationship with her mother
- 3) Which word in the extract means the same as 'events that change your life, over which you have no control'?
  - (a) silences
- (b) circumstances
- (c) situation
- (d) circumstance

OR

	b) The whole tree trembles and thrins.	
	It is the engine of her family.	
	She stokes it full, then flirts out to a branch-end	
	Showing her barred face identity mask.'	
	1) What makes the tree tremble?	
,	a) tussle among younger ones of goldfinch	
	b) noise made by the younger ones of goldfinch	
	c) noise made by goldfinch	
	d) movement of the lizard	
	2) Which poetic device has been used in 'It is the engine of her family'?	
	a) metaphor b) alliteration c) simile d) analogy	
	3) What does the poet mean by 'barred face'?	
	a) face marked with stripes b) clean and Clear face	
	c) expressionless face d) a person behind bars	
ii)	Read the given extract carefully and choose the correct options for the answers.	3×1=3
	A. "And what should I have done with them in a small rented room where the	3··1-3
	shreds of black-out paper still hung along the windows and no more than a	
	handful of cutlery fitted in the narrow table drawer? I resolved to forget the	
	address. Of all the things I had to forget, that would be the easiest."	
	1. The word 'them' stands for	
	a) friends b) things c) feelings d) the belongings  2. The narrator resolves to forget the address as	
	a) it was meaningless to visit it	
	b) the belongings of her mother had lost their charm	
	c) Mrs Dorling refused her to come there	
	d) Mrs Dorling was too happy to receive her	
	3. The word that is opposite to 'abundance' is	
	a) hung b) drawer c) resolved d) handful	
	OR	
	B) One day back there in the good old days when I was nine and the world was full	
	of every imaginable kind of magnificence, and life was still a delightful and	
	mysterious dream, my cousin Mourad, who was considered crazy by	
	everybody who knew him except me, came to my house at four in the morning	
	and woke me up tapping on the window of my room.'	
	1. The extract is from the lesson	
	a) Adventure b) Silk Road	
	c) The Summer of the Beautiful White Horse d) The Address	
	2. The narrator of the story is	
	a) Aram b) Uncle Khosrove c) Mourad d) The Owner	
	3. Why had Mourad come to Aram?	
	a) He wanted him to ride the horse.	
	b) He had come to take him for a walk.	
	c) He wanted to show him the horse.	
	d) He had come to take him to his horse.	

## Read the given extract carefully and choose the correct options for the answers. $4 \times 1 = 4$ A) She hobbled about the house in spotless white with one hand resting on her waist to balance her stoop and the other telling the beads of her rosary. Her silver locks were scattered untidily over her pale, puckered face, and her lips constantly moved in inaudible prayer. Yes, she was beautiful. She was like the winter landscape in the mountains, an expanse of pure white serenity breathing peace and contentment. 1. What does the narrator mean by 'silver locks'? a) lock and key b) grey hair c) attire of silver colour d) locks of silver 2. Which figure of speech has been used in 'pale puckered face'? a) simile b) metaphor c) alliteration d) zeugma 3. What does the word 'hobble' mean? a) walk quickly b) limp c) rush d) hasten 4. Who is the author of this extract? OR B) 'They remain the richest royal collection ever found and have become part of the pharaoh's legend. Stunning artefacts in gold, their eternal brilliance meant to guarantee resurrection, caused a sensation at the time of the discovery — and still get the most attention.' 1. 'They' in the first sentence refers to? a) The archaeologists who went in search of pharaoh's pyramid b) The funerary treasure found in Tut's tomb. c) Tut's exploits as the ruler of Egypt. d) The stories written about King Tut 2. What does 'guarantee resurrection' mean? a) to ensure that Tut would pass into his afterlife without any trouble b) to make sure that the precious metals don't lose their shine c) to ensure that Tut's spirit was tied down in his tomb forever. d) to ensure that Tut is able to take a rebirth 3. The word 'artefacts' means? a) facts about art and culture b) artificial objects and materials c) articles of old times and of great historical importance d) art and craft material 4. Who is the author of this extract? 7. Answer any two of the following questions in 40-50 words. $2 \times 3 = 6$ a) 'It is the engine of her family; she strokes it full.' Explain the significance of these lines. b) Why does the poet get surprised when he gets an answer from the rain? c) What preparations did the narrator and his wife make for their round-the-world sea voyage? d) How does the author recount his experience at the Darchen Medical College? 8. Answer any one of the following questions in 40 - 50 words. $1\times3=3$ A) To which tribe did Mourad and Aram belong? Which traits of the tribe are highlighted in the story 'The Summer of the Beautiful White Horse'? OR

 $1 \times 6 = 6$ 

B) Whom did the narrator desire to meet in Holland? Why?

Answer any one of the following questions in 120 - 150 words.

A) The poem 'Childhood' exposes man and presents him in his true colours. All adjectives displaying negative qualities are not enough for such a man. This poem very innocently goads him to his real self. Explain.

#### OR

- B) The reaction of the crew and children gives us an insight into the human mind and how it can help us to survive any disaster. Discuss.
- 10. Answer any one of the following questions in 120 150 words.

1×6=6

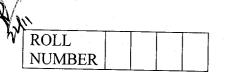
A) Describe the narrator's second visit to Mrs. Dorling's place.

#### OR

B) Describe John Byro's meeting with his horse and the two boys. What impact did it have on him?

\*\*\*END OF THE QUESTION PAPER\*\*\*







# INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION 2022 ENGLISH CORE – (301)



CLASS: XI DATE: 23.11.2022

TIME ALLOTED : 3 HRS. MAXIMUM MARKS: 80

## **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. This paper is divided into three sections: parts: A, B & C. All the sections are compulsory.
- 2. Separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary. Read these instructions very carefully and follow them.
- 3. Do not exceed the prescribed word limit while answering the questions.

# SECTION - A (READING SKILLS) (26 Marks)

# 1. Read the following passage carefully.

- 1. Computers are capable of doing extremely complicated work in all branches of learning. They can solve the most complex mathematical problems or put thousand unrelated data in order. These machines can be put to varied uses. For instance, they can provide information on the best way to prevent traffic accidents. They work accurately and at high speed.
- 2. They save research workers' years of hard work. This whole process by which machines can be used to work for us has been called 'automation'. In future automation may enable human beings to enjoy more leisure than they do today. The coming of automation is bound to have important social consequences.
- 3. Some years ago, an expert on automation, Sir Leon Bagrit pointed out that it was a mistake to believe that these machines could think. There is no possibility that human beings will be controlled by machines. Though computers are capable of learning from their mistakes and improving on their performances, they need detailed instructions from human beings to be able to operate. They can never lead independent lives or rule the world by taking decisions of their own.
- 4. Sir Leon said that in future, computers would be developed which would be small enough to be carried in one's pocket. Ordinary people would then be able to use them to obtain valuable information. Computers could be plugged into a wireless network and can be used like radios. For instance, people, going on holiday, could be informed about weather conditions. Car drivers can be given an alternative route, when there is a traffic jam. It will also be possible to make tiny translating machines. This will enable people, who do not share a common language, to talk to each other without any difficulty or to read foreign publications.
- 5. It is impossible to assess the importance of a machine of this sort, for many international misunderstandings are caused simply due to our failure to understand each other. Computers will also be used in ordinary public hospitals. By providing a machine with a patient's systems, a doctor will be able to diagnose the nature of his illness. Similarly,

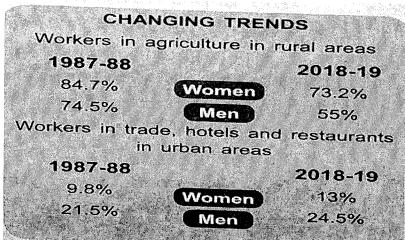
machines could be used to keep a check on a patient's health record and bring it up to date. Doctors will, therefore, have immediate access to great many facts which will help them in their work. Book-keepers and accountants too could be relieved of dull clerical work. For the tedious task of compiling and checking lists of figures could be done entirely by machines. Computers are the most efficient servant man has ever had and there is no limit to the way they can be used to improve our lives

work. For the tedious task of compiling and checking lists of figures could be done	
entirely by machines. Computers are the most efficient servant man has ever had and	
there is no limit to the way they can be used to improve our lives.	
1.1 On the basis of your reading of the passage, answer the following questions by	$10 \times 1 = 10$
choosing the best of the given choices.	
(a) Write out the correct option:	
(i) There is no possibility that human beings can be on their own with no need of	
machines.	
(ii) Human beings are likely to be controlled by machines one day.	
(iii) There is no possibility that human beings will ever be controlled by machines.	
(iv) Machines can replace humans.	
(b) Choose the most appropriate option pertaining to the above passage.	
(i) Computers can solve only certain mathematical problems.	
(ii) Computers can't solve any mathematical problems.	
(iii) Computers can solve the most complex mathematical problems.	
(iv) Computers can solve only simple mathematical problems.	
(c) Computers can be used	
(i) to find treatment for the patient's illness	
(ii) to prescribe a medicine for the patient	
(iii) to diagnose the nature of patient's illness	
(iv) to keep the patient in good mood	
(d) Many international misunderstandings are caused due to our failure to	
understand	
(i) ourselves.	
(ii) other nations.	
(iii) our friends.	
(iv) each other.	
(e) The antonym of the word 'complicated' is	
(i) difficult	
(ii) simple	
(iii) easy	
(iv) strange	
(f) The verb form of the word 'alternative' is	
(i) alternate	
(ii) alter	
(iii) late	
(iv) elate	
1.2 Answer the following.	
(a) Sir Leon Bagrit said that in future, would be developed which would	1
be small enough to be carried in one's pocket.	
(b) Computers are capable of doing extremely complicated work in all branches of	
learning. [True / False]	
1.3 Find the synonyms of the following words from the passage.	
(a) results (para 2)	
(b) monotonous (para 5)	

2.

Read the passage given below.

- Men in India 2020' shows that while share of male and female workers in agriculture has shown a steady decline from 1987-88 till 2018 -19, there is an increasing trend for both in trade, hotel and restaurant sectors.
- 2. The report released by the ministry of statistics and programme implementation draws upon available nationally representative data sources to give an insight into the gender dynamics and shifts across sectors ranging from employment, education, health and decision making.



- 3. The report also dedicates a chapter to the impediments in the way of empowerment.
- 4. In the chapter on education, data from NSS 75th round (2017-18) shows that among ever enrolled persons on the age group 3 -35 years, 30.2% of females were not pursuing education due to domestic activities. In case of men, 36.9% of ever enrolled males in the 3-35 years' age group were not attending education due to engagement in economic activities.
- 5. Among the never enrolled persons of 3-35 years age group, 13.6% females and 14.9% males were never enrolled in education due to financial constraints, whereas 11.7% females and 1.5% males were never enrolled due to their engagement in domestic activities.
- 6. As far as employment goes, in the chapter on employment a data sheet on the broad based industry-wise classification of workers presents data from NSS 43rd round in 1987 -88 to Periodic Labour Force Participation 2018 -19 to indicate the trends. In agriculture in rural India, it turns out that in 1987 -88 share of women workers was 84.7% which as per PLF survey 2018 -19 is 73.2%. The share of male workers in agriculture was 74.5% in 1987 -88 and was recorded at 55% in 2018 -19. On the other hand, the percentage of men in trade, hotels and restaurants grew from 5.1% in 1987 88 to 9.2 % in rural areas in 2018 -19. In urban areas the percentage rose from 21.5% to 24.5%.
- 7. In case of women workers too there is an increase from 2.1% to 4% in rural and 9.8% to 13% in urban areas.
- 8. The labour force survey 2018 -19 data is cited in the report to highlight that on the whole, results indicate that in the rural sector, the worker population ratio (WPR) was 19.0 for females and 52.1 for males. In urban sector, the ratio is 14.5 for females and 52.7 for males. As per PLF survey (2018-19), 59.6 female and 57.4 % male workers were self employed in rural areas. In urban sector, 54.7 % females and 47.2% males were regular wage/salaried employees.
- 2.1 On the basis of your reading of the passage, answer the following questions by choosing the best of the given choices.

 $8\times1=8$ 

(a) The report mentioned in the passage covers information about
i) population migration and work
ii) education and work in rural and urban areas
iii) industry and agriculture
iv) impediments in education
(b) Look at the chart in the report. The trend that is clearly visible is
<ul> <li>i) that men and women in 2018 -19 work in cities in larger numbers than in 1987</li> <li>ii) that women have given up agriculture and have taken up more glamorous jobs like working in restaurants and hotels in 2020</li> <li>iii) men like to work in cities</li> </ul>
iv) women have become educated and do not wish to live in villages in 2020
(c) The movement of men and women towards towards urban areas is
i) good for economy
ii) bad for villages
iii) a change brought about by changing circumstances
iv) not likely to affect the village economy
(d) that 59% of women and 57.4 % of men are self-employed in rural areas can
mean .
i) that the village economy is strong enough to support its population
ii) that village arts and products are doing well in the market
iii) a sign of backwardness
iv) a sign of lack of education
(e) In the villages men and women of 3 to 35 years of age did not even get enrolled in
school because
i) of social dictates
ii) of family circumstances
iii) of laziness
iv) they have to work at home or in fields to earn money
(f) For preparing this report data for employment has been collected from
1) NSS 75th round (2017 -18)
ii) NSS 43rd round (1987 – 88)
iii) Periodic labour force participation (2018 -19)
iv) (i) and (iii) above
(g) The changing trends in the workforce could mean
i) that agriculture cannot support the rural population
ii) that rural men and women are seeking better life for themselves in the cities
111) that social taboos and restrictions are easing
iv) that in time the cities will have a sizeable rural population
(h) 'Decline' in para 1 does not mean
i) increase
ii) flourish
iii) both (i) and (ii)
iv) ebb
Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow.
1. In Delhi where 80% of the people are pedestrians in some stage of their commuting,
least attention is paid in pedestrian paths. Delhi's sidewalks are too narrow, very
poorly maintained and full of potholes, poles, junction boxes and dangerous electrical
installation, not to speak of the garbage dumps that stink and stare at the pedestrian.  Ashram Chowk is a good case in point where the way the start of the star
Ashram Chowk is a good case in point where thousands of pedestrian change direction

- 2. A flyover facilitates the automobiles, while the pedestrian is orphaned by the investment hungry authorities. One corner of the Ashram Chowk has a ridiculous imitation wood sculpture with an apology of a fountain and across the same Chowk you have the open mouthed massive garbage dump right on the pedestrian path in full exhibition for the benefit of the public. These symbols of poor taste and object apathy are then connected by narrow dangerous and often waterlogged footpaths for the helpless pedestrian to negotiate. In the night street lighting in the central median light up the carriageway for cars and leave the pedestrian areas in darkness.
- 3. Delhi's citizens leave and want to get to their destination as fast they can. No one wants to linger on the road, no leisure walks; no one looks a stranger in the eye. It is on the pedestrian path that citizen encounters head on the poor public management and the excuse called multiplicity of authorities. One agency makes the road, another digs it up to lay cables, third one comes after months to clear up the mess and the cycle of unaccountability goes on. Meanwhile crores are spent in repairing the carriageway for vehicles and in construction of the flyovers without a care for the pedestrian below. Solution offered is to make an expensive underpass or an ugly foot over bridge, ostensibly for facilitating the pedestrian, while in reality they only facilitate the car to move faster at the expense of the pedestrian. Take Kashmiri gate, ITO, Ashram Chowk, AIIMS. or Dhaula Kuan, at all these important, at pedestrian crossover points the story is the same. They have pulled the sidewalk from the pedestrian's feet.
- 4. In modern cities across the world, the pedestrian is king. The floor of the city is designed and maintained as an inclusive environment, helping the physically challenged, the old and the infirm children and the ordinary citizens to move joyful across the city. Delhi aspires to be world class city. Hopefully the authorities would look once again at the floor of Delhi. The pleasure of strolling on the road is deeply connected to our sense of citizenship and sense of belonging. Pride in the city grows only on a well-designed floor of the city.
- a) On the basis of your reading of the above passage make-notes on it using headings and sub-headings. Use recognizable abbreviations (4-5) and a format you consider suitable. Also supply a title to it.
- b) Write a summary of the passage in not more than 50 words using the notes made.

## SECTION - B

## (Grammar & Creative Writing Skills) – (23 Marks)

4. Answer any seven questions from (i), (ii) and (iii).

(i) Rewrite using the correct form of the years given in b

 $7 \times 1 = 7$ 

5

3

(i)	Rewrite using the correct form of the verbs given in brackets.			
	There (1) (be) a great rush at the counter yesterday. I (2)			
	(want) to get a ticket for the movie. It (3) (be) the first day of the release			
	The manager suddenly (4) (appear) on the scene and announced that the			
	show had been cancelled for reasons beyond control.			

- (ii) Rearrange the following words and phrases to form meaningful sentences:
  - 5) extremely/a/grief/it/is/that /matter/unkindly/animals/are/of / exploited.
  - 6) killed/they are/beaten/chained/and/mercilessly/trained.
- (iii) Change the following sentences into reported speech.
  - 7) He said to me, "What are you doing?"
  - 8) She said to me, "Do you like chocolates?"

5. i)	a) You are the Managing Director of Varun Enterprises, a leading garments export house. You need Accountants for your Meerut office. Write an advertisement in not more than	3
	50 words, for the 'Situation Vacant' column of a local daily.  OR	
	b) You are Shirish Saxena of 47, Mall Road, Shimla. You are a young man of 35 with seven years of experience as an expert executive. You seek an immediate change to some prestigious export house in Mumbai / Bangalore. Draft a suitable advertisement for the 'Situation Wanted' column of a national daily.	
ii)	a) Design a poster in not more than 50 words for your school library on the value of books and good reading habits. You may use slogans.	3
	b) You are the Manager of 'Evapling Coaching Courts ' Property Coaching Courts ' Property Coaching Coa	
	b) You are the Manager of 'Excellent Coaching Centre.' Prepare a poster in not more than 50 words calling the attention of students desirous of appearing for Medical & Engineering entrance coaching to join your tuition centre.	
iii)	a) You are Arjun / Fiola student of XII studying in R. K. High School, Maninagar, Ahmedabad. You have participated in an Inter-house Elocution Competition. The topic of the competition is 'India of My Dream'. Prepare the speech in 120 to 150 words.	
	words.	5
	b) You are Anuj /Amita, the captain of 'Health and Well-being' Club of your school. You have been asked to deliver to speech on the topic 'Importance of Sleep for Good Health'. Write the same in 120 to 150 words.	
iv)	a) 'Academic excellence is the only requirement for a successful career.' Write a debate either for or against the motion in 120 – 150 words. You are Anil / Anita.  (OR)	5
	b) 'Climate change disaster is the next pandemic on our hands'. Write a debate either for or against the motion in 120 – 150 words. You are Indu / Indresh.  SECTION – C	
	(Literature Textbook & Supplementary Reading Text) (31 Marks)	
6. i)	Read the given extract carefully and choose the correct options for the answers.	3×1=3
	A) Now she's been dead nearly as many years	
	As that girl lived. And of this circumstance	
	There is nothing to say at all.	
	Its silence silences.	
	1) Who does 'she' refer to?	
	(a) the poet's dead aunt	
	(b) the poet's dead mother	
	(c) the poet's dead cousin	
	(d) the poet's sister	
	2) Why is there nothing to say about the death of the poet's mother?	
	(a) because the poet is confused	
	(b) because the poet was not in her senses when her mother expired	
	(c) because the death of the poet's mother has left a deep void in the poet's heart	
	(d) because the poet did not have a good relationship with her mother	
	3) Which word in the extract means the same as 'events that change your life, over	

which you have no control'?		
(a) silences		
(b) circumstances		
(c) situation		
(d) circumstance		
Ol	$\hat{\mathbf{R}}$ . The state of the s	
B) The whole tree trembles and thrills.		
It is the engine of her family.		
She stokes it full, then flirts out to a brand	ch-end	
Showing her barred face identity mask.		
1) What makes the tree tremble?		
a) tussle among younger ones of goldfinch		
b) noise made by the younger ones of goldfin	nch	
c) noise made by goldfinch		
d) movement of a lizard		
2) Which poetic device has been used in 'It is	s the engine of her family?	
a) metaphor	,	
b) alliteration		
c) simile		
d) analogy		
3) What does the poet mean by 'barred face'?		
a) face marked with stripes		
b) clean and clear face		
c) expressionless face		
d) a person behind bars		
Read the given extract carefully and choose	e the correct options for the answers.	3×1=3
A. And what should I have done with them in	a small rented room where the	
shreds of black-out paper still hung along	g the windows and no more than a	
handful of cutlery fitted in the narrow tab		
address. Of all the things I had to forget,	that would be the easiest.	
1. The word 'them' stands for:		
a) friends		
b) things		
c) feelings		
d) the belongings		
2. The narrator resolves to forget the address a	as	
a) it was meaningless to visit it		
b) the belongings of her mother had lost th	neir charm	
c) Mrs. Dorling refused her to come there		
d) Mrs Dorling was too happy to receive h	her	
3. The word that is opposite to 'abundance' is	3	

ii)

a) hung	b) drawer	c) resolve <b>O</b> R	ed d) handf	îul
of every in mysterious everybody and woke r	naginable kind of a s dream, my cous who knew him ex me up tapping on t	nagnificence, in Mourad, wh cept me, came	en I was nine and the and life was still a considered considered to my house at four my room.	lelightful and razy by
<ul><li>a) Silk Road</li><li>b) Adventure</li><li>c) The Sumn</li><li>d) The Addre</li></ul>	ener of the Beautifucess	l White Horse		
<ul><li>a) He wanted</li><li>b) He had co</li><li>c) He wanted</li></ul>		orse. r a walk. horse.	c) Mourad	d) The Owner
Read the given	extract carefully	and choose t	he correct options	for the answers.
A) She hobbled waist to bal silver locks constantly a winter land peace and constantly and some silver land to be seen as the	about the house in lance her stoop and were scattered un moved in inaudible scape in the moun contentment. e narrator mean by	n spotless whith the other tell tidily over here prayer. Yes, tains, an expan	te with one hand resting the beads of here pale, puckered faces she was beautiful. So ase of pure white se	ting on her rosary. Her e, and her lips She was like the
<ul><li>2. Which figure</li><li>a) simile</li><li>b) metaphor</li><li>c) alliteration</li><li>d) zeugma</li><li>3. What does the</li></ul>	of speech has been word 'hobble' me		ouckered face'?	
a) walk quickly	, 1	c) rush	d) hasten	
4. Who is the aut	thor of this extract?	OR		
pharaoh's lege	end. Stunning artefaurrection, caused a	llection ever foacts in gold, the	ound and have become bir eternal brilliance time of the discover	meant to

4×1=4

iii)

1. 'They' in the first sentence refers to?a) The archaeologists who went in search of Pharaoh's pyramid

- b) The funerary treasure found in Tut's tomb. c) Tut's exploits as the ruler of Egypt. d) The stories written about King Tut. 2. What does 'guarantee resurrection' mean? a) to ensure that Tut would pass into his afterlife without any trouble b) to make sure that the precious metals don't lose their shine c) to ensure that Tut's spirit was tied down in his tomb forever. d) to ensure that Tut is able to take a rebirth 3. The word 'artefacts' means? a) facts about art and culture b) artificial objects and materials c) articles of old times and of great historical importance d) art and craft material 4. Who is the author of this extract? Answer any two of the following questions in 40 - 50 words.  $2 \times 3 = 6$ a) 'It is the engine of her family; she stokes it full.' Explain the significance of these lines. b) Why does the poet get surprised when he gets an answer from the rain? c) What preparations did the narrator and his wife make for their round-the-world sea vovage? d) How does the author recount his experience at the Darchen Medical College? Answer any one of the following questions in 40 - 50 words.  $1 \times 3 = 3$ A) To which tribe did Mourad and Aram belong? Which traits of the tribe are highlighted in the story 'The Summer of the Beautiful White Horse'? B) Whom did the narrator desire to meet in Holland? Why? Answer any one of the following questions in 120 - 150 words.  $1 \times 6 = 6$

7.

8.

9. A) The poem 'Childhood' exposes man and presents him in his true colours. All adjectives

displaying negative qualities are not enough for such a man. This poem very innocently goads him to his real self. Explain.

OR

- B) The reaction of the crew and children gives us an insight into the human mind and how it can help us to survive any disaster. Discuss.
- Answer any one of the following questions in 120 150 words.

 $1 \times 6 = 6$ 

A) Describe the narrator's second visit to Mrs. Dorling's place.

B) Describe John Byro's meeting with his horse and the two boys. What impact did it have on him?

\*\*\*END OF THE QUESTION PAPER\*\*\*

