

INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT ANNUAL EXAMINATION SOCIOLOGY

CLASS: XI

09.02.2020

Sub. Code: 039

Time Allotted: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

General Instructions:

- The questions paper is divided into FOUR SECTIONS.
- There are 38 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.
- Section A includes questions Nos. 1-20, Learning Checks (very short answer type) questions carrying 1 mark each. You are required to answer them as directed.
- Section B includes question Nos.21-29 very short answer type questions carrying 2 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 30 words.
- Section C includes question Nos. 30-35. They are long answer type questions carrying 6 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 80 words.
- Section D includes question Nos. 36-37. They are long answer type question carrying 6 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 200 words each.
- Question no 38 is to be answered with the help of the passage given.

SECTION - A

1	is considered to be the most 'ritually' pure caste.	1
2	allows a man to have only one spouse at a given time.	1
3	Correct the given statement: Out groups are characterized by a sense of belongingness.	1
4	Identify the structure of the family where man exercise authority and dominance. a) Patriarchy b) Matriarchy c) Polygamy d) Patrilineal	1
5	The rule of requires an individual to marry within a culturally defined group.	1
6	The socially acknowledged and approved sexual union between two individuals is known as	1
7	The tendency to evaluate other cultures according to one's own cultural values is known as	. 1
8	is the primary agency of socialization.	1
9	dimension of culture allows us to process information that we see and hear.	1

10	Use of machines, tools, internet and art forms are all forms of aspect of culture.	1
11	Life chances, Social Status and political influences are enjoyed by a) Primary Groups b) tertiary groups c) privilege groups d) Interest groups	1
12	The term social structure points to the fact that society is	1
13	Social structures are made up of two components and	1
14	The natural disaster that hit Indonesia, Sri Lanka, the Andaman Islands and parts of Tamil Nadu in December 2004 was	1
15	The term dominant castes was coined by	1
16	'The Age of Enlightenment', established the human being at the center of the universe, andas the central feature of the human being.	1
17	Caste restricts the choice of occupation. (true or false)	1
18	"Social structure constraints our activities to constructed framework and patterns of organization and directs our behaviour" Name the thinker a) Max Weber b) Durkheim c) Bottomore d) Karl Marx	1
19	A welfare state does not seek to eliminate the market.	1
20	According to Weber is a mode of organization which based on the separation of the public from the domestic world. SECTION - B	1
	SECTION - D	
21	Define sociology and mention how the name has been derived?	2
22	What are the responsibilities of sociologists?	2
23	Explain the term Cosmopolitanism. OR	2
	What are great traditions and little traditions	
24	Define the term ascribed status.	2
	OR Define the term achieved status.	
25	What do you mean by material aspect of culture?	2
26	List an advantage and a disadvantage of questionnaire method.	2
27	What according to Karl Marx is Alienation? OR	2
	Define the term anomie.	

28	OR Explain the term dominant caste.	2
29	What is meant by 'Social facts'? OR Define the term 'ideal type'?	2
30	SECTION – C What are the material issues that went into the making of sociology? OR Why sociology is considered a science?	4
31	'Caste system is the basis of stratification'. Support the statement with basic stratifying criteria of caste system in India.	4
32		4
33	Discuss cooperation according to Karl Marx.	4
34	What is social environment? How does it affect human life?	4
35	'Oraganic solidarity characterizes modern society'. Discuss.	4
	SECTION – D	
36	What according to AR Desai are the features of a welfare state?	6
37	Discuss various types of Economic systems.	6
	OR Briefly explain the nature of political institutions.	
38	Read the passage given below and answer the following questions:	6
	We boys used the streets for so many different things as a place to stand around watching, to run around and play, try out the maneuverability of our bikes. Not so for girls. As we noticed all the time, for girls the street was simply a means to get straight home from school. And even for this limited use of the street, they always went in clusters, perhaps because behind their purposeful demeanor they carried the worst fears of being assaulted. (Kumar 1986)	
	(a) What does the passage convey about the society where the above observation has been made? (2)	
	(b) Is the socialization process gendered? Justify with reference to the above passage. (4)	

End of the Question Paper