



**INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT**  
**PRIMARY SECTION**  
**PERIODIC TEST I**  
**MATHEMATICS**  
**SET B**



**GRADE IV      DATE    /5/19**

**TOTAL MARKS -20**

**I. Multiple Choice Questions. (  $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 5$  )**

**Marks**

<b>Marks:    / 20</b>
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1. Thirty two lakh forty-one is written as	32,041	32,00,041	3,20,041
2. Place value of 5 in 35,40,972	5,00,000	50,000	50,00,000
3. $9,00,000 + 4,000 + 200 + 50$	9,00,425	9,04,250	9,40,250
4. Greatest 5 digit number formed by using 2 ,9 ,4 ,7 ,3	97,432	97,342	97,423
5. 90,000      ○      9,090	=	<	>
6. Roman numeral for 24 is	XXIV	XXIII	XXIX
7. The successor of 30,499 is	31,000	30,498	30,500
8. The Hindu Arabic numeral for XXXIX	39	34	40
9. Ten thousand less than 29,873 is	39,873	28,873	19,873
10. In the Place Value Chart, fourth and fifth places form this period	Ones	Thousands	Lakhs

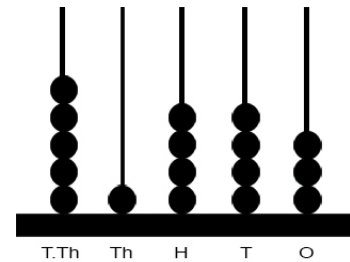
**II. Do as directed.**

**(1 x 8 = 8 )**

1. Find the smallest number that can be made using the digits 7 , 0 , 1 , 9 , 6 only once.
2. Write 5,60,500 in words.
3. How many thousands are there in a lakh?

4. Fill in the blanks by using a Roman Numeral  $XV + \underline{\quad} = XX$
5. Fill in the blanks to continue the pattern 4,52,470; 4,62,470; \_\_\_\_\_; \_\_\_\_\_
6. Arrange the following numbers in Ascending Order.  
2,09,000      29,000      2,90,000      29,090

7. Write 4,04,750 in expanded form.
8. Find the numeral represented on the abacus.



**III. Match the following.**

( $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 3$ )

1	One lakh more than 6,90,707	a	70,707
2	Place value of 7 in 67,42,531	b	70,070
3	The predecessor of 70,078	c	78,09,001
4	$70,000 + 700 + 7$	d	70,077
5	The number having 7 in ten lakhs place	e	7,90,707
6	The number for seventy thousand seventy	f	7,00,000

1 \_\_\_\_\_ ; 2 \_\_\_\_\_ ; 3 \_\_\_\_\_ ; 4 \_\_\_\_\_ ; 5 \_\_\_\_\_ ; 6 \_\_\_\_\_

**IV. Think and Solve.**

( $1 \times 2 = 2$ )

- What is the difference between the successor and predecessor of a number?
- Form the greatest 5 digit number using different digits.

**V. Read ,think and answer the questions.**

( $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + 1 = 2$ )

The number of Facebook users in four different cities are as follows:

Mumbai – 43,72,360; Bangalore – 30,76,26; Delhi – 51,23,180 ; Chennai – 21,95,760

- Which city has the greatest number of Facebook users?
- Which city has the least number of Facebook users?
- Write the number name for the number of Facebook users in Bangalore.