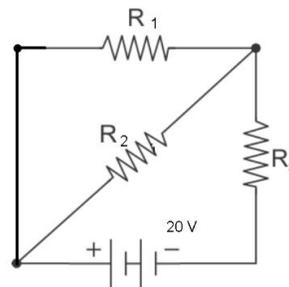




INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT
SENIOR SECTION
DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS
CLASS X
ELECTRICITY

- 1) What happens to the resistance of a conductor when its area of cross section is increased ?
- 2) What is meant by electrical circuit? A $9\ \Omega$ resistance is cut in to three equal parts and connected in parallel. Find the equivalent resistance of the combination ?
- 3) Draw a circuit diagram consisting of a battery of two cells of 2 volts each, a $25\ \Omega$ resistor, a $4\ \Omega$ resistor, a $6\ \Omega$ resistor and a plug key, all connected in series.
- 4) What is likely to happen if the positions of ammeter and voltmeter are interchanged in a circuit?
- 5) 100J of work is done in transferring 20C of charge between two points in a conductor. Find the resistance offered by the conductor, if a current of 2A flows through it.
- 6) A wire of resistance $10\ \Omega$ is bent in the form of a closed circle. What is the effective resistance between the two points at the ends of any diameter of the circle?
- 7) Why is series arrangement not used in domestic appliances in a circuit.
- 8) List two reasons why nichrome is used for making heating element of electrical appliances.
- 9) A torch bulb is rated 2.5 V and 750 mA .Calculate (i) power (ii) resistance (iii) energy consumed if the bulb is lighted for four hours.
- 10) State which has a higher resistance. A 50W or 25W lamp. Also find the ratio of their resistances.
- 11) Consider the following circuit diagram.If $R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = R_4 = 3\ \Omega$, find the equivalent resistance of the circuit and the current flowing through it.



- 12) Four resistance of 2ohm each are joined end to end to form a square ABCD. Calculate the equivalent resistance of the combination between any two adjacent corners.
- 13) List two safety measures commonly used in electric circuits. Explain the main function of each.
- 14) For a heater rated at 4.4 kW; 220 V . Calculate the -
(i) current drawn by the heater (ii) resistance of the heater element
(iii) energy consumed by the heater in 5 hours (iv) cost of running the heater if 1 kWh costs Rs. 6.50
- 15) A electric toaster of resistance 20 Ohm takes a current of 5A. Calculate the heat developed in 30 s.