

INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT

CHEMISTRY IIT -JEE

The p Block elements

1. The inert gas abundantly found in atmosphere is
 - a) Ar
 - b) Ne
 - c) Xe
 - d) He
2. Among the following substituted silanes the one which will give rise to cross linked silicone polymer on hydrolysis is
 - a) R_4Si
 - b) $RSiCl_3$
 - c) R_2SiCl_2
 - d) R_3SiCl
3. When plants and animals decay, the organic nitrogen is converted into inorganic nitrogen. The inorganic nitrogen is in the form of ____.
 - a) Ammonia
 - b) Elements of nitrogen
 - c) Nitrates
 - d) Nitrides
4. Excess of PCl_5 reacts with conc. H_2SO_4 giving
 - a) chlorosulphonic acid
 - b) thionyl chloride
 - c) sulphuryl chloride
 - d) sulphurous acid.
5. When Cl_2 gas reacts with hot and concentrated sodium hydroxide solution, the oxidation number of chlorine changes from
 - a) Zero to -1 and zero to $+3$
 - b) Zero to $+1$ and zero to -3
 - c) Zero to $+1$ and zero to -5
 - d) Zero to -1 and zero to $+5$
6. The correct order of increasing bond angles in the following species is
 - a) $Cl_2O < ClO_2 < ClO_2^-$
 - b) $ClO_2^- < Cl_2O < ClO_2$
 - c) $Cl_2O < ClO_2^- < ClO_2$
 - d) $ClO_2 < Cl_2O < ClO_2^-$
7. The tendency of BF_3 , BCl_3 and BBr_3 to behave as Lewis acid decreases in the sequence
 - a) $BCl_3 > BF_3 > BBr_3$
 - b) $BF_3 > BCl_3 > BBr_3$
 - c) $BBr_3 > BF_3 > BCl_3$
 - d) $BBr_3 > BCl_3 > BF_3$

8. P₄O₁₀ is the anhydride of
- H₃PO₂
 - H₃PO₃
 - H₃PO₄
 - H₄P₂O₇
9. Which of the following statements regarding ozone is not correct?
- The oxygen-oxygen bond length in ozone is identical with that of molecular oxygen
 - The ozone is resonance hybrid of two structures
 - The ozone molecule is angular in shape
 - Ozone is used as a germicide and disinfectant for the purification of air.
10. The reaction of P₄ with X leads selectively to P₄O₆. The X is
- Dry O₂
 - A mixture of O₂ and N₂
 - Moist O₂
 - O₂ in the presence of aqueous NaOH
11. Which of the following reactions of xenon compounds is not feasible?
- XeO₃ + 6HF → XeF₆ + 3H₂O
 - 3XeF₄ + 6H₂O → 2Xe + XeO₃ + 12HF + 1.5O₂
 - 2XeF₂ + 2H₂O → 2Xe + 4HF + O₂
 - XeF₆ + RbF → Rb [XeF₇]
12. In which of the following arrangements, the sequence is **not** strictly according to the property written against it?
- CO₂ < SiO₂ < SnO₂ < PbO₂ : Increasing oxidizing power
 - HF < HCl < HBr < HI : Increasing acid strength
 - NH₃ < PH₃ < AsH₃ < SbH₃ : Increasing basic strength
 - B < C < O < N : Increasing first ionization enthalpy
13. The brown ring test for nitrates depends on
- reduction of ferrous sulphate to iron
 - oxidation of nitric oxide to nitrogen dioxide
 - the reduction of nitrate to nitric oxide
 - oxidising action of sulphuric acid
14. Which is the strongest acid in the following
- HClO₃
 - HClO₄

- c) H_2SO_3
- d) H_2SO_4

15. XeF_2 is isostructural with

- a) ICl_2^-
- b) SbCl_3
- c) BaCl_2
- d) TeF_2

16. The pair of species that has the same bond order in the following is:

- a) O_2, B_2
- b) CO, NO^+
- c) NO^-, CN^-
- d) O_2, N_2

17. Which blue liquid is obtained on reacting equimolar amounts of two gases at -30°C ?

- a) N_2O
- b) N_2O_3
- c) N_2O_4
- d) N_2O_5

18. Molecules of a noble gas do not possess vibrational energy because a noble gas _____.

- a) is chemically inert
- b) is monoatomic
- c) is diamagnetic
- d) has completely filled shells

19. Sulphur trioxide can be obtained by which of the following reaction

- a) $\text{S} + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \xrightarrow{\Delta}$
- b) $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 + \text{PCl}_3 \xrightarrow{\Delta}$
- c) $\text{CaSO}_4 + \text{C} \xrightarrow{\Delta}$
- d) $\text{Fe}_2(\text{SO}_4)_3 \xrightarrow{\Delta}$

20. The function of Fe(OH)_3 in the contact process is

- a) To detect colloidal impurity
- b) to remove moisture
- c) to remove dust particles
- d) to remove arsenic impurity

21. Of the following compounds the most acidic is

- a) As_2O_3
- b) P_2O_5
- c) Sb_2O_3
- d) Bi_2O

22. Aqueous solution of $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ on reaction with Cl_2 gives

- a) $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_4\text{O}_6$
- b) NaHSO_4

- c) NaCl
- d) NaOH

23. The angular shape of ozone molecules (O_3) consists of

- a) 2 sigma and 1 pi bonds
- b) 1 sigma and 2 pi bonds
- c) 2 sigma and 2 pi bonds
- d) 1 sigma and 2 pi bonds

24. Helium is used in balloons in place of hydrogen because it is

- a) incombustible
- b) more abundant than hydrogen
- c) radioactive
- d) lighter than hydrogen

25. The percentage of p-character in the orbitals forming P - P bonds in P_4 is

- a) 25
- b) 33
- c) 50
- d) 75

26. Which is the most thermodynamically stable allotropic form of phosphorus?

- a) red
- b) white
- c) black
- d) yellow

27. Among the halogens, the one which is oxidised by nitric acid is

- a) Chlorine
- b) Bromine
- c) Fluorine
- d) Iodine

28. Which compound has the maximum number of lone pair of electrons on the central atom?

- a) $[ClO_3]^-$
- b) XeF_4
- c) SF_4
- d) $[I_3]^-$

29. Roasting of sulphides gives the gas X as a byproduct. This is a colorless gas with choking smell of burnt sulphur and causes great damage to respiratory organs as a result of acid rain. Its aqueous solution is acidic acts as a reducing agent and its acid has never been isolated. The gas X is

- a) SO_2
- b) CO_2

- c) SO_3
- d) H_2S

30. Which one of the following is the correct statement?

- Boric acid is a protonic acid
- Beryllium exhibits coordination number of six
- Chlorides of both beryllium and aluminium have bridged chloride structures in solid phase
- $\text{B}_2\text{H}_6 \cdot 2\text{NH}_3$ is known as ‘inorganic benzene’

31. The number of hydrogen atom(s) attached to phosphorus atom in hypophosphorous acid is

- a) 0
- b) 2
- c) 1
- d) 3

32. Which of the following is not oxidized by O_3 ?

- a) KI
- b) FeSO_4
- c) KMnO_4
- d) K_2MnO_4

33. Which of the following has – O – O – linkage

- a) $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_6$
- b) $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_8$
- c) $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$
- d) $\text{H}_2\text{S}_4\text{O}_6$

34. Which one of the following arrangements represents the correct order of least negative to most negative electron gain enthalpy for C, Ca, Al, F and O?

- a) $\text{Ca} < \text{Al} < \text{C} < \text{O} < \text{F}$
- b) $\text{Al} < \text{Ca} < \text{O} < \text{C} < \text{F}$
- c) $\text{Al} < \text{O} < \text{C} < \text{Ca} < \text{F}$
- d) $\text{C} < \text{F} < \text{O} < \text{Al} < \text{Ca}$

35. When conc. H_2SO_4 is heated with P_2O_5 , the acid is converted into

- a) sulphur
- b) sulphur dioxide
- c) sulphur trioxide
- d) a mixture of sulphur dioxide and sulphur trioxide

36. The noble gas mixture is cooled in a coconut bulb at 173 K. The gases that are not adsorbed are

- a) He and Ne
- b) Ar and Kr

- c) He and Xe
d) Ne and Xe
37. What products are expected from the disproportionation reaction of hypochlorous acid?
- a) HClO_3 and Cl_2O
 - b) HClO_2 and HClO_4
 - c) HCl and Cl_2O
 - d) HCl and HClO
38. Which of the following statements regarding sulphur is incorrect?
- a) The oxidation state of sulphur is never less than +4 in its compounds
 - b) S_2 molecule is paramagnetic
 - c) The vapour at 200°C consists mostly of S_8 rings
 - d) At 600°C the gas mainly consists of S_2 molecules
39. Which one of the following is not true at room temperature and pressure
- a) P_4O_{10} is a white solid
 - b) SO_2 is a colourless gas
 - c) SO_3 is a colourless gas
 - d) NO_2 is a brown gas
40. Extra pure N_2 can be obtained by heating
- a) NH_3 with CuO
 - b) NH_4NO_3
 - c) $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$
 - d) $\text{Ba}(\text{N}_3)_2$
41. Choose the incorrect statement about P_4O_{10}
- a) All P – O bonds are of equal length
 - b) Each P is bonded to four oxygen atoms
 - c) Hybridisation of P is sp^3
 - d) There are six P – O – P linkages
42. Which of the following statements is **correct**?
- (1) Bond order of NO^- is 2.5
 - (2) NO is diamagnetic in nature
 - (3) The structure of NO is N O, each atom having zero formal charge
 - (4) NO is an acidic oxide in aqueous medium
43. What is formed when xenon combines with fluorine in the presence of mercury vapour?
- a) XeF
 - b) Xe_2F
 - c) XeF_2
 - d) XeF_4
44. What are the products formed in the reaction of xenon hexafluoride with silica?

- a) $\text{XeSiO}_4 + \text{HF}$
 - b) $\text{XeF}_2 + \text{SiF}_4$
 - c) $\text{XeOF}_4 + \text{SiF}_4$
 - d) $\text{XeO}_3 + \text{SiF}_4$
45. Which of the following compounds is explosive?
- a) XeF_2
 - b) XeF_4
 - c) XeO_3
 - d) XeF_3
46. The noble gas which shows abnormal behaviour in liquid state and behaves as a superfluid is:
- a) neon
 - b) helium
 - c) argon
 - d) xenon.
47. A greenish yellow gas reacts with an alkali metal hydroxide to form a halate which can be used in fireworks and safety matches. The gas and the halate are
- a) $\text{Br}_2, \text{KBrO}_3$
 - b) $\text{Cl}_2, \text{KCIO}_3$
 - c) I_2, NaI_3
 - d) I_2, KIO_3
48. Chlorine water on cooling deposits greenish-yellow crystals of:
- a) $\text{Cl}_2, 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$
 - b) $\text{Cl}_2, \text{H}_2\text{O}$
 - c) $\text{Cl}_2, 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$
 - d) $\text{Cl}_2, 8\text{H}_2\text{O}$
49. Bleaching powder is an example of:
- a) An acidic salt
 - b) A complex salt
 - c) A mixed salt
 - d) A double salt
50. Which has maximum pH in aqueous solution ?
- a) NaClO
 - b) NaClO_2
 - c) NaClO_3
 - d) NaClO_4

